

Junior High Church History, Chapter Review

Chapter 6

Mystics, Mendicants, and Scholastics

1. The _____ is the divine guide of the Church.
 - a. angel Gabriel
 - b. Holy Spirit
 - c. patron saint
 - d. Blessed Mother
2. As the Roman empire in the West began to decline, the Church continued to _____.
 - a. grow
 - b. search
 - c. decline
 - d. struggle
3. The period of violence and decline of many institutions of culture and learning was called the _____.
 - a. Modern Age
 - b. Renaissance
 - c. Dark Ages
 - d. Ancient days
4. When _____ was crowned Holy Roman Emperor, a new era in the relationship with the Church developed.
 - a. Henry VIII
 - b. Charlemagne
 - c. Saint Thomas More
 - d. Constantine
5. The _____ is the division between the Churches of the West and East.
 - a. North-south schism
 - b. Great Divide
 - c. East-West conflict
 - d. East-West schism
6. During the _____, the lamp of learning still burned brightly because of the development of monasticism.
 - a. early days of Christianity
 - b. Dark Ages
 - c. Post modern era
 - d. Roman empire

7. On the island of Iona, _____ created a haven of culture and learning that still influences us today.
- Saint Ignatius
 - Saint John the Baptist
 - Saint Columba
 - Saint Paul
8. A _____ is someone who experiences a close communication or union with God.
- mystic
 - Clairvoyant
 - priest
 - monk
9. Saint Hildegard, a poet, physician, and composer, was also a _____.
- teacher
 - mystic
 - engineer
 - mother
10. _____ were the followers of Saint Francis and Saint Dominic, and they preached about the Gospel.
- Monks
 - Friars
 - Mendicants
 - Sisters
11. Thomas Aquinas was a famous _____, or schoolman, who used human reason to explain the teachings of the Church.
- Mendicant
 - Scholastic
 - Monastic
 - Doctor
12. _____ *Journal of the Soul into God* focused on the spirituality of the mendicant way of life and is considered a spiritual classic.
- Saint Lucy's
 - Saint Bonaventure's
 - Saint Therese of Lisieux's
 - Dorothy Day's
13. The _____ still played a role in society throughout the Middle Ages.
- presidency
 - papacy
 - royalty
 - government

14. The purpose of the _____ was to bring Jerusalem and the Holy Land under Christian control and open it to Christian pilgrims.
- holy war
 - Christian conflict
 - Battle for the Holy Land
 - Crusades
15. The _____ has preached the Gospel and invited all people to become disciples of Christ.
- local hospital
 - Church
 - school
 - community of believers
16. The first book that came off Gutenberg's printing press was a _____.
- medical reference book
 - dictionary
 - Bible
 - Catechism
17. The Church has been a _____ for the world.
- witness of Christ
 - leader
 - light
 - all of the above
18. As a member of the Church, you are to be a _____ and servant of the Gospel.
- listener
 - herald
 - leader
 - student
19. As a herald you can help a younger person learn about his or her _____.
- responsibilities
 - A, B, C's
 - faith
 - prayers
20. The shrines in the Holy Land mark the sites of the major events in the life of _____.
- Christ
 - the Prophets
 - King David
 - Adam and Eve