Faith First® Legacy Edition Chapter Review, Morality

Chapter 5—The Exercise of Virtue

1. Christian living is about living the _____.
   a. vices
   b. virtues
   c. temptations
   d. all of the above

2. Virtues are spiritual powers, or _____ or behaviors, that help us do what is right and avoid what is wrong.
   a. graces
   b. gifts of the Spirit
   c. charisms
   d. habits

3. The theological virtues are gifts from God that link us more closely to God the _____.
   a. Father
   b. Son
   c. Holy Spirit
   d. all of the above

4. The theological virtues are _____.
   a. faith, prudence, and love
   b. faith, hope, and charity
   c. faith, hope, and justice
   d. fortitude, hope, and love

5. The virtue of _____ is the gift of God’s invitation to believe in him and respond to his invitation.
   a. faith
   b. hope
   c. charity
   d. none of the above

6. The virtue of _____ enables us to love God and to love our neighbors as ourselves.
   a. faith
   b. hope
   c. charity
   d. none of the above

7. _____ enables us to trust in God and keeps us focused on the kingdom of heaven.
   a. Faith
   b. Hope
   c. Charity
   d. none of the above

8. Prudence, justice, fortitude, and temperance are called the _____ virtues.
   a. moral
   b. capital
   c. catholic
d. none of the above

9. The virtue of _____ is the virtue of spiritual common sense.
   a. prudence
   b. justice
   c. fortitude
   d. temperance

10. The virtue of _____ moderates our quest for pleasure.
    a. prudence
    b. justice
    c. fortitude
    d. temperance

11. The virtue of _____ directs us to give to others what is rightfully theirs.
    a. prudence
    b. justice
    c. fortitude
    d. temperance

12. The virtue of _____ is the courage to do or say the right thing.
    a. prudence
    b. justice
    c. fortitude
    d. temperance

13. God created us as _____ that are to live in a community.
    a. missionaries
    b. social creatures
    c. organizations
    d. all of the above

14. A _____ is a group of people who share a common culture, common interests, and common activities.
    a. parish
    b. community
    c. society
    d. civic organization

15. Living for the common good of all members of society can be reached by living the _____.
    a. Great Commandment
    b. Corporal Works of Mercy
    c. Spiritual Works of Mercy
    d. all of the above

16. All authority within a society flows from _____.
    a. God
    b. the people
    c. the legislature
    d. the common good
17. True authority in a just society _____.
   a. maintains good order
   b. creates just and moral laws
   c. inspires respect for all
   d. all of the above

18. _____ is when an individual cooperates with another working against human life and human rights.
   a. Social sin
   b. The common good
   c. Social justice
   d. none of the above

19. We take part in social sin when we _____.
   a. protect evil-doers
   b. approve of another’s wrongdoing
   c. participate freely in another’s sin
   d. all of the above

20. _____ founded the Catholic Worker Movement and worked to build a just society.
   a. Saint Francis of Assisi
   b. Pope Leo XIII
   c. Dorothy Day
   d. Pope John Paul II