
Chapter 4—The Gospel of Matthew

1. Matthew’s Gospel portrays Jesus as inviting people to _____ in the way they relate to God and others.
   a. make changes
   b. be forceful
   c. gain the upper hand
   d. stay firm

2. To understand the way Matthew wrote his Gospel, we refer back to the _____.
   a. Torah
   b. the Pentateuch
   c. first five books of the Old Testament
   d. all of the above

3. The core of Jewish belief and practice can be found in the Torah, or _____.
   a. Passover
   b. Pentecost
   c. Pentateuch
   d. none of the above

4. The Torah is a whole body of literature that God has revealed to guide his people in living the _____.
   a. Creed
   b. Covenant
   c. Code
   d. Compromise

5. The Gospel of Matthew consists of _____ main discourses.
   a. three
   b. four
   c. five
   d. six

6. The five discourses in Matthew’s Gospel deliberately _____ the Torah’s fivefold organization.
   a. refute
   b. parallel
   c. reveals
   d. undo

7. In each discourse, Jesus presents instructions on how believers ought to relate to _____.
   a. God
   b. one another
   c. the world
   d. all of the above

8. Many scholars believe that Matthew wrote his Gospel for _____ who became followers of Christ.
   a. Gentiles
   b. Jews
   c. Romans
d. Pharisees

9. Matthew wanted his followers to believe that Jesus is the new Moses whose _____ law is for all.
   a. spiritual
   b. civil
   c. national
   d. emotional

10. The _____ is the first main discourse in Matthew’s Gospel.
    a. Parables
    b. Sermon on the Mount
    c. Torah
    d. End Times and Judgment

11. In the Sermon on the Mount, Jesus calls his disciples to _____.
    a. be the “salt of the earth”
    b. be the “light of the world”
    c. obey and teach his commandments
    d. all of the above

12. Jesus describes himself as _____.
    a. an everyday rabbi
    b. a teacher of the Law
    c. the fulfillment of the Law
    d. one of the disciples

13. The new Law that Jesus established _____ the old Law found in the Torah.
    a. abolished
    b. fulfilled
    c. erased
    d. amended

14. The new Law that Jesus established is written on_____.
    a. parchment
    b. stone tablets
    c. the hearts of all believers
    d. the tabernacle

15. The ____ are a series of statements describing those people who are truly blessed by God.
    a. Beatitudes
    b. Proverbs
    c. Psalms
    d. Ten Commandments

16. Being a member of the Church means living _____.
    a. according to Jesus’ Law
    b. the Beatitudes
    c. as those truly blessed by God
    d. all of the above

17. The Church announces to ______ the good news that in Jesus, all God promised has been fulfilled.
18. An _____ is a gathering of the entire leadership of the Catholic Church called or approved by the pope.
   a. evangelizing summit
   b. ecumenical council
   c. apostolic succession
   d. apocalyptic writing

19. Blessed Pope John XXIII invited the bishops of the world to gather in Rome for _____.
   a. Vatican Council I
   b. Vatican Council II
   c. Vatican Councils III
   d. all of the above

20. Vatican Council II provided the opportunity for the _____ of the essential teachings of the Church.
   a. revoking
   b. arbitration
   c. renewal
   d. abolishing