1. The first four books of the New Testament are called the _____.
   a. Epistles
   b. Decalogue
   c. Pentateuch
   d. Gospels

   Answer: d

2. The “good news” of the Gospels is that Jesus, the Son of God, _____.
   a. suffered, died and was raised from the dead
   b. is the Savior of the World
   c. saves us from sin and death
   d. all of the above

   Answer: d

3. The writers of the four Gospels are called the _____, or “sharers of the good news.”
   a. Evangelists
   b. prophets
   c. scribes
   d. martyrs

   Answer: a

4. The Evangelists are _____.
   a. Peter, Paul, James, and John
   b. Matthew, Mark, Luke, and John
   c. Moses, Abraham, Noah, and Adam
   d. none of the above

   Answer: b

5. Each Evangelist wrote their account of the Gospel for _____ community of believers.
   a. the same
   b. a different
   c. the original
   d. all of the above

   Answer: b

6. The _____ of all four Gospels is the passion, death, and resurrection of Jesus.
   a. center
   b. conclusion
   c. beginning
   d. none of the above

   Answer: a

7. The Gospels of Matthew, Mark, and Luke are called Synoptic because they _____.
   a. are noticeably different from one another
b. follow the same sequence of events
c. are written to different communities
d. all of the above
Answer: b

8. The Greek word synoptic literally means “seeing with _____.
   a. the same eye
   b. different eyes
   c. clear vision
   d. distorted vision
Answer: a

9. John’s Gospel is so distinct from the Synoptics that it is often referred to as the _____ Gospel.
   a. Final
   b. Fourth
   c. Fictional
   d. Favorite
Answer: b

10. Jesus is the center of God’s plan of creation and _____.
    a. liberation
    b. expiation
    c. salvation
    d. canonization
Answer: c

11. Christian tradition has assigned symbols for each _____ based on creatures in the Book of Revelation.
    a. saint
    b. Evangelist
    c. prophet
    d. martyr
Answer: b

12. Matthew’s Gospel opens with a family tree, or_____, of Jesus Christ, the fulfillment of Covenant.
    a. genealogy
    b. heritage
    c. legacy
    d. inheritance
Answer: a

13. Mark’s Gospel moves rapidly into the _____ of Jesus.
    a. enthronement
    b. genealogy
    c. public ministry
    d. childhood
Answer: c

    a. love
    b. despair
    c. hatred
d. envy
Answer: a

15. John’s Gospel reminds us that Jesus, the eternal Son of God the Creator, _____.
   a. can perform miracles
   b. gives us life
   c. grants all our wishes
   d. all of the above
Answer: b

16. Jesus became fully human in all things except ____ without losing his divinity.
   a. sin
   b. death
   c. emotions
   d. feelings
Answer: a

17. All four Evangelists pass on the faith of the ____.
   a. apostles
   b. martyrs
   c. saints
   d. angels
Answer: a

18. The four Gospels use _____ kinds of literary building blocks to share the good news.
   a. different
   b. unusual
   c. similar
   d. two
Answer: c

19. Accounts of the appearance of the Risen Lord to his disciples are called _____ narratives.
   a. Resurrection
   b. Passion
   c. General
   d. Parables
Answer: a

20. We tell the story of Jesus by _____.
    a. our words and deeds
    b. hearing and giving our hearts to the Gospel
    c. living the Gospel
    d. all of the above
Answer: d